

4'-Fluoro-2'-hydroxyacetophenone

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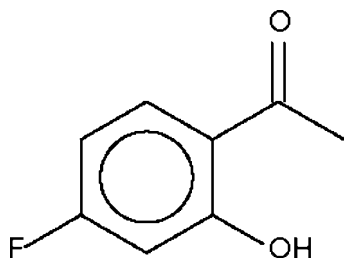
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.043; wR factor = 0.128; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.5.

The title compound, $\text{C}_8\text{H}_7\text{FO}_2$, crystallizes as discrete molecules, the conformation of which may be influenced by an intramolecular hydroxy-carbonyl $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond.

Related literature

For the crystal structures of other substituted acetophenones, see: Filarowski *et al.* (2004, 2005); Hibbs *et al.* (2003); Huang *et al.* (2004); Ng (2007); Xu *et al.* (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_8\text{H}_7\text{FO}_2$
 $M_r = 154.14$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 3.7978$ (1) Å
 $b = 14.2421$ (3) Å
 $c = 13.0092$ (3) Å
 $\beta = 91.884$ (2)°

$V = 703.27$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.12$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ (2) K
 $0.16 \times 0.14 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX
 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: none
 8762 measured reflections

1601 independent reflections
 1224 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.127$
 $S = 1.05$
 1601 reflections
 128 parameters

7 restraints
 All H-atom parameters refined
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.28$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.857 (10)	1.76 (1)	2.554 (2)	154 (2)

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2008).

We thank the University of Malaya for the purchase of the diffractometer.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2605).

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supplementary materials

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Comment

Acetophenone is a liquid at room temperature. If a small substituent such as 5'-bromo (Ng, 2007), 5'-chloro (Filarowski *et al.*, 2004), 6'-hydroxy (Huang *et al.*, 2004), 5'-nitro (Hibbs *et al.*, 2003), 4'-methoxy (Filarowski *et al.*, 2005; Xu *et al.*, 2005) or 6'-methoxy (Filarowski *et al.*, 2005) is present the compound exists as crystalline solids. The compound (I) containing the relatively smaller F substituent sublimes at room temperature. The structure contains discrete molecules (Fig. 1), in which the conformation may be influenced by an intramolecular hydrogen bond between the hydroxy and carbonyl groups.

Experimental

The compound was purchased from Aldrich Chemical Company; the chemical exists as prismatic crystals.

Refinement

All H-atoms were located in a difference Fourier map, and were refined with distance restraints of C—H 0.99±0.01 Å and O—H 0.84±0.01 Å. Their temperature factors were freely refined.

Figures

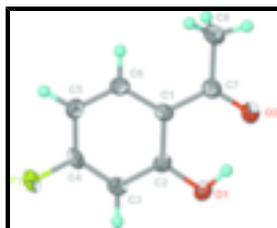


Fig. 1. 70% Probability thermal ellipsoid plot of 4'-fluoro-2'-hydroxyacetophenone. Hydrogen atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius.

4-fluoro-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde

Crystal data

C₈H₇FO₂

M_r = 154.14

Monoclinic, *P*2₁/*n*

Hall symbol: -*P* 2₁/*n*

a = 3.7978 (1) Å

b = 14.2421 (3) Å

c = 13.0092 (3) Å

β = 91.884 (2)°

*F*₀₀₀ = 320

D_x = 1.456 Mg m⁻³

Mo *K*α radiation

λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 1854 reflections

θ = 2.9–26.4°

μ = 0.12 mm⁻¹

T = 100 (2) K

Prism, colorless

supplementary materials

$V = 703.27 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$

$0.16 \times 0.14 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII diffractometer	1224 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$
$T = 100(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$
ω scans	$h = -4 \rightarrow 4$
Absorption correction: none	$k = -18 \rightarrow 18$
8762 measured reflections	$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$
1601 independent reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	All H-atom parameters refined
$wR(F^2) = 0.127$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0775P)^2 + 0.0798P]$
$S = 1.05$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1601 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
128 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
7 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.28 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	0.1828 (3)	0.50469 (6)	0.65495 (7)	0.0319 (3)
O1	0.4466 (3)	0.72547 (8)	0.40329 (8)	0.0325 (3)
O2	0.7055 (3)	0.88271 (8)	0.46250 (8)	0.0320 (3)
C1	0.5542 (4)	0.76649 (10)	0.58170 (11)	0.0196 (3)
C2	0.4380 (4)	0.70349 (10)	0.50349 (11)	0.0211 (3)
C3	0.3106 (4)	0.61483 (10)	0.52868 (11)	0.0229 (3)
C4	0.3051 (4)	0.59128 (10)	0.63045 (12)	0.0225 (4)
C5	0.4165 (4)	0.64954 (10)	0.71015 (11)	0.0235 (4)
C6	0.5398 (4)	0.73716 (10)	0.68410 (11)	0.0216 (4)
C7	0.6909 (4)	0.85914 (10)	0.55377 (11)	0.0227 (4)
C8	0.8132 (5)	0.92675 (11)	0.63595 (12)	0.0267 (4)
H1	0.519 (6)	0.7824 (9)	0.4037 (19)	0.066 (8)*
H3	0.221 (5)	0.5733 (10)	0.4729 (11)	0.029 (5)*
H5	0.412 (5)	0.6279 (11)	0.7807 (8)	0.023 (4)*
H6	0.616 (4)	0.7801 (10)	0.7398 (10)	0.024 (4)*

H81	0.602 (4)	0.9492 (14)	0.6716 (15)	0.051 (6)*
H82	0.968 (4)	0.8980 (12)	0.6899 (12)	0.033 (5)*
H83	0.937 (5)	0.9790 (11)	0.6047 (15)	0.044 (5)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0427 (6)	0.0200 (5)	0.0331 (5)	-0.0081 (4)	0.0043 (4)	0.0043 (4)
O1	0.0514 (8)	0.0275 (6)	0.0182 (6)	-0.0115 (6)	-0.0021 (5)	0.0018 (4)
O2	0.0457 (8)	0.0252 (6)	0.0254 (6)	-0.0091 (5)	0.0038 (5)	0.0027 (4)
C1	0.0191 (8)	0.0176 (7)	0.0221 (7)	0.0013 (5)	0.0012 (6)	-0.0019 (5)
C2	0.0223 (8)	0.0221 (8)	0.0187 (7)	-0.0003 (6)	0.0002 (6)	0.0003 (5)
C3	0.0235 (8)	0.0207 (7)	0.0244 (8)	-0.0012 (6)	-0.0003 (6)	-0.0023 (6)
C4	0.0227 (8)	0.0146 (7)	0.0304 (8)	-0.0005 (6)	0.0045 (6)	0.0030 (6)
C5	0.0266 (9)	0.0240 (8)	0.0201 (7)	0.0020 (6)	0.0028 (6)	0.0026 (6)
C6	0.0226 (8)	0.0205 (7)	0.0217 (7)	0.0022 (6)	0.0007 (6)	-0.0022 (5)
C7	0.0231 (8)	0.0204 (7)	0.0247 (8)	0.0006 (6)	0.0021 (6)	-0.0004 (6)
C8	0.0277 (9)	0.0220 (8)	0.0304 (8)	-0.0035 (6)	0.0026 (7)	-0.0032 (6)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

F1—C4	1.3594 (16)	C3—H3	0.988 (9)
O1—C2	1.3420 (17)	C4—C5	1.383 (2)
O1—H1	0.857 (10)	C5—C6	1.379 (2)
O2—C7	1.2370 (18)	C5—H5	0.969 (9)
C1—C6	1.399 (2)	C6—H6	0.984 (9)
C1—C2	1.416 (2)	C7—C8	1.501 (2)
C1—C7	1.468 (2)	C8—H81	0.993 (10)
C2—C3	1.395 (2)	C8—H82	0.989 (9)
C3—C4	1.367 (2)	C8—H83	0.977 (10)
C2—O1—H1	103.5 (17)	C6—C5—H5	122.5 (10)
C6—C1—C2	118.29 (13)	C4—C5—H5	120.3 (10)
C6—C1—C7	121.96 (13)	C5—C6—C1	121.90 (13)
C2—C1—C7	119.74 (13)	C5—C6—H6	118.4 (10)
O1—C2—C3	117.32 (13)	C1—C6—H6	119.7 (10)
O1—C2—C1	122.21 (13)	O2—C7—C1	120.59 (13)
C3—C2—C1	120.47 (13)	O2—C7—C8	119.14 (14)
C4—C3—C2	117.78 (14)	C1—C7—C8	120.27 (13)
C4—C3—H3	123.3 (11)	C7—C8—H81	107.6 (13)
C2—C3—H3	118.9 (10)	C7—C8—H82	113.7 (11)
F1—C4—C3	117.77 (13)	H81—C8—H82	105.8 (17)
F1—C4—C5	117.83 (13)	C7—C8—H83	109.5 (12)
C3—C4—C5	124.40 (14)	H81—C8—H83	111.0 (18)
C6—C5—C4	117.17 (13)	H82—C8—H83	109.2 (17)
C6—C1—C2—O1	-179.20 (14)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.2 (2)
C7—C1—C2—O1	-0.3 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.3 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.4 (2)	C2—C1—C6—C5	0.0 (2)
C7—C1—C2—C3	179.37 (14)	C7—C1—C6—C5	-178.94 (14)

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O1—C2—C3—C4	179.15 (14)	C6—C1—C7—O2	178.92 (14)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.5 (2)	C2—C1—C7—O2	0.0 (2)
C2—C3—C4—F1	-179.64 (13)	C6—C1—C7—C8	-1.4 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (2)	C2—C1—C7—C8	179.68 (14)
F1—C4—C5—C6	-179.97 (13)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O1—H1···O2	0.857 (10)	1.76 (1)	2.554 (2)	154 (2)

Fig. 1

